Course Objectives:
The course will provide you an introduction to econometrics. Econometrics is a tool which allows one to use data and statistical techniques to answer real-world questions and test predictions of economic theory. This course is the first in a multi-course sequence on basic applied econometrics. It focuses on applications and interpreting the findings of econometric studies. If you are interested in a more theoretical/mathematical treatment of the topic, you should take the 123 sequence.

The goal of this class is for you to be able to understand the linear regression model, use it to analyze data, and critically assess studies using linear regressions. An important part of the class will be use of the EVIEWS statistical package to analyze data. Econometrics is used in business, government, and academia for purposes such as studying the effects of government policies, using historical data to forecast future values of variables such as the stock market, analyzing markets, and testing the predictions of economic theory. Knowledge of econometrics is valuable for many types of jobs. Knowing a software package such as EVIEWS is also valuable.

We will cover the following topics: the linear regression model, hypothesis tests in the case of linear regression, and confidence intervals in the linear case. The second quarter of this sequence will cover nonlinear regressions and a variety of other assorted techniques. The class prerequisites include probability and statistics (e.g., Economics 15A and 15B), and calculus. The textbook reviews some basic probability and statistics. These will also be covered in the first few classes and discussion sections.


The first edition of this text is readily available on Amazon.com and other used book sites. You are responsible for material in the second edition (in particular, material and homework questions). You may come by office hours to examine a copy of the second edition.
We will cover the material in Chapters 1–7 of Stock and Watson. There is a website with companion material to the text under “Student Resources” at http://wps.aw.com/aw_stockwatsn_economtrcs_1/4/1138/291480.cw/index.html.

Required software package: EVIEWS
EVIEWS is available in the Social Science Computer labs and is also available at the UCI bookstore at a large discount. Empirical exercises must be completed using EVIEWS. If you took Economics 15A and 15B, you are already familiar with EVIEWS. Here are some links to help you use it:

EVIEWS website: http://www.eviews.com

Optional other textbooks:
There are a number of other books on this topic. Two I recommend are Introductory Econometrics by Wooldridge or Essentials of Econometrics by Gujarati.

Grading Policy:
Your grade will be based on the best 3 of 4 problem sets (total of 25 percent), one in-class midterm (30 percent), a final exam (45 percent). The final will be cumulative, but more heavily weighted toward the second half of the class. Evidence of improvement over the semester may help your grade. The grades will be decided based on both the distribution of scores in the class and my assessment of how well the class understands the material.

Exams:
There will be one in-class midterm on Monday February 11. The final will be during the University’s assigned finals period on Friday March 21, from 8 am to 10 am. The final will be cumulative, but with more emphasis on the material in the second half of the course. If you know you have a conflict with the final exam, you should not sign up for this class.

Exam Policy:
There will be no rescheduling of exams. If you are unable to attend the in-class midterm or final exam, you must provide a legitimate excuse, such as a note from your doctor. Any doctor’s note must include a privacy waiver form allowing the School of Social Sciences to call the doctor’s office to verify the authenticity of the note. There will be no makeup exams. If you have a valid excuse for missing the midterm, all of the exam part of your grade will be determined by the final exam.

Discussion Sections:
Mark Kutzbach will lead the discussion sections. I recommend attending as Mark will provide help with the material in class, problem sets, and EVIEWS.

Homework:
There will be 4 problem sets, but I will only count the best 3 out of four problem sets to-
wards your grade. They will be due by the beginning of class on the date they are due in the classroom. Late homework will receive no credit (but remember that you can drop the lowest homework score). The problem sets will come from the text and elsewhere. You may work together on the problem sets in groups up to size 4, but you will have a difficult time on the exams if you do not understand the homework material. Everyone must turn in their own write ups of the problem sets, and must note who they worked with on their problem set.

Due dates for problem sets are as follows:

1. Problem set 1: Friday January 18 at the beginning of class
2. Problem set 2: Friday February 8 at the beginning of class
3. Problem set 3: Friday February 29 at the beginning of class
4. Problem set 4: Friday March 14 at the beginning of class

Attendance and Class Participation:
I expect you to attend class, and you will be responsible for material covered in class that is not available in the text or elsewhere. Please ask questions if there are things you do not understand. Please get notes from someone else if you miss class, I will not be handing out or posting lecture notes.

Please turn off your cell phones or put them on vibrate and be courteous to me and your fellow students in your use of other electronic devices.

Grading Questions:
If you think that your exam has been graded incorrectly, you must write up why you think so, and give this to me within 1 calendar week of getting the exam back. Note that your entire exam is open to regrading, so your grade could go down as well as go up.

Academic Honesty:
All students should be familiar with the University’s policy on academic honesty, http://www.editor.uci.edu/catalogue/appx/appx.2.htm. If the TA or I discover any evidence of cheating, dishonest conduct, plagiarizing, or inappropriate collusion on exams, the students will be given Fs, and otherwise sanctioned to the full extent possible. These terms are explicitly defined at the URL above. Note that cheating includes use of cell phones, PDAs, portable music devices, any other unauthorized book, papers, or device. Leaving the exam room before turning in your exam is cheating.

Drop Policy:
The economics department policy is that students may only drop classes during the first two weeks of class. The first homework assignment is due on that Friday, so hopefully you will have a sense by then of what the class will be like.
Schedule:

- Introduction to econometrics (Chapter 1)
  - Examples of questions econometrics can be applied to
  - Causal effects
  - Data sources and types

- Review of probability (Chapter 2)
  - Probability distributions, expected values, means and variances
  - Joint and marginal distributions, independence, covariance, correlation
  - Specific distributions
  - Random sampling, sampling distribution of the sample average
  - Large sample approximations, the law of large numbers, consistency, central limit theorem

- Review of statistics (Chapter 3)
  - Estimators, bias, consistency, efficiency
  - Hypothesis testing with the mean
  - Sample variance, standard deviation, standard error
  - Confidence intervals for the mean, comparing means
  - Looking at data

- Linear regression with one regressor (Chapter 4)
  - Ordinary least squares (OLS), measures of fit
  - Assumptions behind OLS, when might they fail?
  - Sampling distribution of OLS estimators

- Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals for the one regressor linear model (Chapter 5)
  - Two-sided and one-sided tests, $t$-statistics, $p$-values
  - Confidence intervals for the regression coefficients
  - Dummy variables
  - Homoskedasticity, heteroskedasticity and the linear regression model

- Linear regression with more than one regressor (Chapter 6)
  - Omitted variable bias
  - OLS in multiple regression, measures of fit
- Assumptions behind OLS with multiple regression, when might they fail?
- Sampling distribution of OLS estimators with multiple regression
- Multicollinearity

- Hypothesis tests and confidence intervals with multiple regression (Chapter 7)
  - Tests and confidence intervals for a single coefficient
  - Tests of joint hypotheses
  - Testing restrictions involving more than one coefficient, confidence sets
  - Model specification